

SPP - distribúcia, a.s.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND
SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING
STANDARDS, AS ADOPTED BY THE EU)**

For the year ended 31 December 2012

SPP - distribúcia, a.s.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of SPP - distribúcia, a.s.:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SPP - distribúcia, a.s. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2012, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Statutory Body's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's statutory body is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, and for such internal control as the statutory body determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the statutory body, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SPP - distribúcia, a.s. as of 31 December 2012, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 26 of the financial statements, which describes a change in the ownership of the parent company and of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board of the Company after the balance sheet date. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Bratislava, 28 February 2013


Deloitte Audit s.r.o.
Licence SKAu No. 014


Ing. Wolda K. Grant, FCCA
Responsible Auditor
Licence SKAu No. 921

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING
STANDARDS, AS ADOPTED BY THE EU)
For the year ended 31 December 2012

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SPP - distribúcia, a.s.
BALANCE SHEETS
As at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011
(EUR '000)

	Note	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
ASSETS:			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	6	2 635 163	2 688 812
Investments in subsidiaries	7	1 000	-
Non-current intangible assets and other assets	8	7 565	8 207
Other non-current assets		-	-
Total non-current assets		<u>2 643 728</u>	<u>2 697 019</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	9	157 918	142 161
Receivables and prepayments	10	108 748	142 485
Income tax asset		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents		62 237	1 071
Total current assets		<u>328 903</u>	<u>285 717</u>
Assets classified as held for sale		-	1
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>2 972 631</u>	<u>2 982 737</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Registered capital	15	1 957 418	1 957 418
Legal reserve fund and other funds	16	391 484	391 575
Retained earnings	16	38 069	112 428
Total equity		<u>2 386 971</u>	<u>2 461 421</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred income	11	8 317	8 191
Retirement and other long-term employee benefits	12	3 240	2 896
Deferred tax liability	20.2	412 384	347 828
Loans	13	-	30 000
Total non-current liabilities		<u>423 941</u>	<u>388 915</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	14	129 122	131 764
Current income tax		2 589	637
Provisions and other current liabilities		-	-
Loans	13	30 008	-
Total current liabilities		<u>161 719</u>	<u>132 401</u>
Total liabilities		<u>585 660</u>	<u>521 316</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>2 972 631</u>	<u>2 982 737</u>

The financial statements on pages 3 to 30 were signed on 28 February 2013 on behalf of the Board of Directors:


Ing. František Čupr, MBA
 Chairman of the Board of Directors


Ing. Štefan Šebesta
 Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors

SPP – distribúcia, a.s.
INCOME STATEMENTS
Years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011
(EUR '000)

	<i>Note</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
REVENUES FROM SALES OF SERVICES:			
Natural gas distribution		387 179	367 802
Other revenues		2 761	4 056
Total revenues		<u>389 940</u>	<u>371 858</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Own work capitalised		5 650	5 359
Purchases of natural gas and consumables and services		(9 269)	(7 077)
Depreciation and amortisation	6, 8	(104 735)	(102 682)
Storage of natural gas and other services		(93 581)	(95 265)
Staff costs	17	(46 197)	(43 135)
Provision for bad and doubtful debts, obsolete and slow-moving inventory, net	9, 10	(5 238)	(1 634)
Provisions and impairment losses, net	6, 8, 12	(3 064)	2 158
Other, net		6 338	3 881
Total operating costs		<u>(250 096)</u>	<u>(238 395)</u>
OPERATING PROFIT		<u>139 844</u>	<u>133 463</u>
Financial revenues		405	620
Financial costs	19	(1 186)	(1 290)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAXES		<u>139 063</u>	<u>132 793</u>
INCOME TAX	20.1	(100 994)	(20 365)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		<u>38 069</u>	<u>112 428</u>

SPP – distribúcia, a.s.
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011
(EUR '000)

	<i>Note</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		38 069	112 428
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)	21		
Hedging derivatives (cash flow hedging)		(91)	116
Deferred tax related to items of other comprehensive income for the period		-	-
OTHER NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		(91)	116
TOTAL NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		<u>37 978</u>	<u>112 544</u>

SPP - distribúcia, a.s.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
Years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011
(EUR '000)

	<i>Registered capital</i>	<i>Legal reserve fund</i>	<i>Hedging reserve</i>	<i>Retained earnings</i>	<i>Total</i>
Balance at 31 December 2010	1 957 418	391 484	(25)	107 031	2 455 908
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	112 428	112 428
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	116	-	116
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(107 031)	(107 031)
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2011	1 957 418	391 484	91	112 428	2 461 421
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	38 069	38 069
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(91)	-	(91)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(112 428)	(112 428)
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2012	1 957 418	391 484	-	38 069	2 386 971

SPP – distribúcia, a.s.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011
(EUR '000)

	<i>Note</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash flows from operating activities	22	263 017	210 892
Interest paid		(1 153)	(1 285)
Interest received		405	578
Income tax paid		(34 486)	(31 577)
Net cash flows from operating activities		<u>227 783</u>	<u>178 608</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Expenditures on the acquisition of shares in other entities		(1 000)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(53 172)	(70 202)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		3	11
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		<u>(54 169)</u>	<u>(70 191)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(112 428)	(107 031)
Proceeds and expenditures related to interest-bearing borrowings		-	-
Other proceeds and payments from financial activities, net		(20)	(554)
Net cash flows from financing activities		<u>(112 448)</u>	<u>(107 585)</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		<u>61 166</u>	<u>832</u>
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE FLUCTUATIONS		-	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		<u>1 071</u>	<u>239</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD		<u>62 237</u>	<u>1 071</u>

1. GENERAL

1.1. General Information

In accordance with Act No. 431/2002 Coll. on Accounting as amended, SPP - distribúcia, a.s., (hereinafter also the "Company") is required to prepare separate financial statements as at 1 January 2008 in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as adopted by the European Union ("EU").

The financial statements are statutory financial statements intended for general use and information; they are not intended for the purposes of any specific user or consideration of any specific transactions. Accordingly, users should not rely exclusively on these financial statements when making decisions.

The Company was founded on 26 November 2004 and incorporated in the Commercial Register on 10 December 2004. Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. is the 100% owner of the Company.

On 1 July 2006, Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. (hereinafter also "SPP") contributed to SPP - distribúcia, a.s. a part of its business, including assets and liabilities of the original Distribution Division.

Since 1 July 2006, the Company has assumed the performance of activities related to natural gas distribution, as well as assets and liabilities related to the gas distribution business.

On 23 April 2012, the Annual General Meeting approved the Company's 2011 financial statements.

Company Identification No. (IČO)	35 910 739
Tax Registration No. (DIČ)	2021931109

1.2. Principal Activities

Since 1 July 2006, following the legal unbundling process, the Company has been responsible for natural gas distribution in the Slovak Republic.

The Company is required by law to provide non-discriminatory access to the distribution network. Prices are subject to the review and approval of the Regulatory Office for Network Industries (RONI).

1.3. Employees

The average number of employees of SPP – distribúcia, a.s. for the year ended 31 December 2012 was 1 496, of which executive management: 6 (for the year ended 31 December 2011: 1 578, of which executive management: 6).

As at 31 December 2012, the actual headcount was 1 442 (31 December 2011: 1 539).

1.4. Registered Address

Mlynské nivy 44/b
825 11 Bratislava
Slovak Republic

2. NEW INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CHANGES IN ESTIMATES

2.1. Adoption of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards

The Company has adopted all of the new and revised standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and that were adopted by the EU effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2012.

The following amendments to the existing standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the EU are effective for the current accounting period:

- **Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"** - Transfers of Financial Assets, adopted by the EU on 22 November 2011 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011).

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The adoption of these amendments to the existing standards has not led to any changes in the Group's accounting policies.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the following standards, revisions, and interpretations adopted by the EU were in issue but not yet effective:

- **IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements"**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014);
- **IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements"**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014);
- **IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities"**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014);
- **IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013);
- **IAS 27 (revised in 2011) "Separate Financial Statements"**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014);
- **IAS 28 (revised in 2011) "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014);
- **Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of IFRS" - Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013);
- **Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**, adopted by the EU on 13 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013);
- **Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income**, adopted by the EU on 5 June 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012);
- **Amendments to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013);
- **Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" - Improvements to the Accounting for Post-employment Benefits**, adopted by the EU on 5 June 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013);
- **Amendments to IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities**, adopted by the EU on 13 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014); and
- **IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine"**, adopted by the EU on 11 December 2012 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

The Company has elected not to adopt these standards, revisions and interpretations in advance of their effective dates.

The Company anticipates that the adoption of these standards, revisions, and interpretations will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

At present, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from regulations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), except for the following standards, amendments to the existing standards and interpretations, which were not endorsed for use as at 31 December 2012:

- **IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015);
- **Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of IFRS" - Government Loans** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013);

- **Amendments to IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” and IFRS 7 “Financial Instruments: Disclosures”** – Mandatory Effective Date and Transition Disclosures;
- **Amendments to IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”, IFRS 11 “Joint Arrangements” and IFRS 12 “Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities”** - Transition Guidance (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013);
- **Amendments to IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements”, IFRS 12 “Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities” and IAS 27 “Separate Financial Statements”** - Investment Entities (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014); and
- **Amendments to various standards “Improvements to IFRSs (2012)”** resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS published on 17 May 2012 (IFRS 1, IAS 1, IAS 16, IAS 32, IAS 34) primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording (amendments are to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

The Company anticipates that the adoption of these standards, amendments to the existing standards, and interpretations will have no material impact on the Company’s financial statements in the period of initial application.

At the same time, hedge accounting regarding the portfolio of financial assets and liabilities, whose principles have not been adopted by the EU, is still unregulated. Based on the Company’s estimates, the application of hedge accounting for the portfolio of financial assets or liabilities pursuant to IAS 39: “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement” would not significantly impact the financial statements, if applied as at the balance sheet date.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Accounting

These separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU. IFRS as adopted by the EU do not currently differ from IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exceptions detailed below. Information on the applied principal accounting policies is provided below. The reporting currency and functional currency of the Company is the euro (EUR). These separate financial statements were prepared under the going concern assumption.

b) Research and Development

Research and development costs are recognised as expenses except for costs incurred for development projects, which are recognised as non-current intangible assets to the extent of the expected economic benefits. However, development costs initially recognised as expenses are not recognised as assets in a subsequent period.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. In the case of assets contributed in the form of a contribution in kind as at 1 July 2006, historical cost was determined by an independent expert as at this date.

Acquisition cost comprises any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets that are retired or otherwise disposed of are eliminated from the balance sheet at net book value. Any gain or loss resulting from such retirement or disposal is included in the income statement.

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Other items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation charges are recognised in the income statement computed so as to amortise the cost of the assets to their estimated net book value over their residual useful lives. The useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are as follows:

<i>Type of assets</i>	<i>Useful life from 2012</i>	<i>Useful life until 2011</i>
Regulation stations	15 – 50 years	15 – 50 years
Gas pipelines	40 – 60 years	40 – 60 years
Structures	15 – 60 years	15 – 60 years
Machines, tools and equipment	4 – 40 years	4 – 40 years
Other non-current assets	3 – 8 years	3 – 8 years

As at 1 August 2011, for the purposes of their inclusion in the consolidation, the Company carried out a new revaluation of the buildings, plant, machinery and other equipment used in the distribution of natural gas under IAS 16, based on findings of significant changes in the assumptions, which were used in the revaluation model performed by independent appraisers. Based on an independent valuation report, the Company changed the economic useful lives of buildings, machinery and equipment used for natural gas distribution with effect from 1 January 2011. The depreciation of these assets was adjusted in the separate financial statements to reflect their adjusted economic useful life. Change of economic useful life did not have material impact on depreciation charged in 2011.

Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

At each reporting date an assessment is made as to whether there is any indication that the recoverable amount of the Company's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets is less than the carrying amount. Where there is such an indication, the recoverable amount of the asset, being whichever is the higher of the fair value less costs of sale and the present value of future cash flows, is estimated. The resulting provision for an impairment loss is recognised fully in the income statement in the year in which the impairment occurs. The discount rates used to calculate the net present value of future cash flows reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In the event that a decision is made to abandon a construction project in progress or significantly to postpone the planned completion date, the carrying amount of the asset is reviewed for potential impairment and a provision is recorded, if appropriate. In 2012, the Company prepared an analysis of the expected value-in-use of assets based on which no impairment of non-current assets was identified.

Expenditures relating to an item of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the original assessed standard of performance of the existing asset, will flow to the Company. All other subsequent expenditures are treated as repairs and maintenance and are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

d) Government Grants

Free-of-charge transfers of gas facilities by municipalities to the Company's assets are deemed to be non-monetary grants. They are recognised at the fair value of the assets received and are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income. This deferred income is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets transferred.

Free-of-charge transfers of gas facilities from customers relating to the connection of customers to the distribution network are charged to revenues for the relevant period and are recognised at the fair value of the received assets in accordance with IFRIC 18.

e) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of the cost and the net realisable value. The cost of natural gas stored in underground storage facilities and raw materials and other inventories is calculated using the weighted arithmetic average method. The cost of raw materials and other inventories includes the cost of acquisition and related costs and the cost of inventories developed internally includes materials, other direct costs and production overheads. Appropriate provisions are made for obsolete and slow-moving inventories. Natural gas in acquisition is valued at cost. Other costs related to the acquisition of natural gas are immaterial.

f) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are stated at their expected realisable value, net of provisions for debtors in bankruptcy or restructuring proceedings and net of provisions for overdue bad and doubtful receivables where risk exists that they will not be fully or partially settled.

g) Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. The costs of an investment in a subsidiary are based on the expenses related to the acquisition of an investment representing the fair value of the consideration, including direct incidental transaction costs.

h) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the related instrument.

i) Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value and are re-measured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates. Derivative financial instruments are contracts: (i) whose value changes in response to a change in one or more identifiable variables; (ii) that require no significant net initial investment; and (iii) that are settled at a certain future date. Derivative financial instruments, therefore, include swaps and firm commitments or options to sell non-financial assets that include the physical delivery of the underlying assets.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are determined and effective as cash flow hedges are recognised directly in equity. As a hedging relationship arises, the Company documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, risk management objectives, and the strategy for realising various hedging transactions. As of the hedging origination, the Company continuously monitors whether the hedging instrument used in the hedging relationship is effective in compensating for cash flow changes in the hedged item. The amounts recognised in equity are recognised in the income statement in the same period when the hedged fixed liability is incurred or when the anticipated transaction affects the profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not meet the requirements of effective cash flow hedging recognised in equity are recognised in the income statement.

These items are mainly related to derivative financial instruments used for business hedging, which were not or are not recorded as hedging relationships for accounting purposes. In the case that a financial derivative does not or meet or no longer meets the requirements for hedge accounting, changes in the fair value are directly recognised in the income statement as "*Mark-to-market*" in financial revenues or expenses.

j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and cash in bank with insignificant risk of changes in value.

k) Provisions for Liabilities

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. The amount of the provision is the present value of the risk-adjusted expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation, determined using the estimated risk-free interest rate as a discount rate. Where discounting is used, the carrying amount of the provision increases in each period to reflect the unwinding of the discount by the passage of time.

l) Interest-Bearing Borrowings

Loans are initially recognised at fair value after deducting incurred transaction costs. They are subsequently recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised as part of the cost of the related asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

m) Revenue Recognition

Sales are recorded upon the delivery of products or the performance of services, net of value added tax and discounts. The Company records revenues from distribution and other activities on an accrual basis.

Moment of revenue recognition: revenues are recognised when the delivery terms are fulfilled, since at that moment significant risks and rights of ownership are transferred to the customer. The date of delivery fulfilment is the last day of the relevant calendar month.

n) Social Security and Pension Schemes

The Company is required to make contributions to various mandatory government insurance schemes, together with contributions by employees. The cost of social security payments is charged to the income statement in the same period as the related salary cost.

o) Retirement and Other Long-Term Employee Benefits

The Company has a long-term employee benefit program comprising a lump-sum retirement benefit, social assistance benefit in material deprivation and life and work jubilee benefits, for which no individual financial funds were earmarked. In accordance with IAS 19, the employee benefits costs are assessed using the projected unit credit method. Under this method, the cost of providing pensions is charged to the income statement so as to spread the regular cost over the service period of employees. The benefit obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted by market yields on Slovak government bonds, which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. All actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the income statement. Past service costs are recognised when incurred up to the benefits already vested and the remaining portion is directly expensed.

p) Leasing

Finance lease

A finance lease is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset (economic substance of the arrangement). Accounting treatment of leases is not dependent on which party is the legal owner of the leased asset. An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease.

Operating lease

The lessee under an operating lease arrangement does not present assets subject to an operating lease in its balance sheet nor does it recognise operating lease obligations for future periods. Lease payments under an operating lease shall be recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

q) Taxation

Income tax is calculated from the profit/loss before tax recognised pursuant to International Accounting Standards adjusted to the profit/loss recognised pursuant to the accounting procedures valid in the Slovak Republic reflecting individual items increasing or decreasing the tax base pursuant to Act No. 595/2003 Coll. on Income Tax, as amended, using the effective income tax rate of 19%.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply for the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is recognised in the income statement, except when it relates to items directly credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in equity. The income tax rate valid from 1 January 2004 to 31 December 2012 is 19%. The income tax rate valid as of 1 January 2013 is 23%.

The principal temporary differences arise from the depreciation of non-current assets and various provisions. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is recognised in the case of temporary differences arising from financial investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except when the settlement of temporary differences can be controlled and temporary differences will not be realised in the foreseeable future.

Current and Deferred Tax for the Year

Current and deferred tax are recognised through profit and loss, except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Special Levy on Businesses in Regulated Industries

Pursuant to the requirements of International Accounting Standards, the Company's income tax also includes a special levy pursuant to Act No. 235/2012 Coll. on a Special Levy on Businesses in Regulated Industries and on the Amendment to and Supplementation of Certain Acts. The special levy is recognised through profit and loss.

The Company is a regulated entity with the obligation to pay a special levy during the period of the effectiveness of the Act, ie from September 2012 to December 2013. The levy is calculated per calendar month and the levy rate is 0.00363. The levy is based on the profit/loss before tax recognised pursuant to International Accounting Standards, adjusted to the profit/loss recognised pursuant to the accounting procedures valid in the Slovak Republic, and further adjusted pursuant to the Act on a Special Levy.

r) Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the rates of the European Central Bank (ECB) pertaining on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets, receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies are translated as at the reporting date at the ECB exchange rates valid on the reporting date. Gains and losses arising on exchange as at the reporting date are included in the income statement.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company re-assessed the provision for the impairment of property, plant and equipment on the basis of an evaluation of their planned disposal or sale. Refer to Note 6 for details on the impairment of property, plant and equipment.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Financial risk management

The Company is not exposed to severe financial risks that would include the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial position.

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are liquidity risk and credit risk.

(1) Foreign currency risk

The Company is not exposed to severe foreign currency risk arising from foreign currency transactions since it does not recognise significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency as at 31 December 2012. As at 31 December 2011, the Company did not recognise significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency.

Sensitivity to foreign exchange changes

The impact of sensitivity to foreign exchange changes was not significant in the current or previous reporting periods.

(2) Commodity price volatility risk

The Company is a party to framework agreements for the purchase of natural gas, other services and raw materials. The Company also enters into contracts for natural gas sales and storage. Contracts for natural gas storage are at fixed prices. As at 31 December 2011, the Company used hedging derivative contracts to manage commodity price volatility risk; changes in the fair value are recognised in the balance sheet through equity (effective portion) and through profit or loss (ineffective portion).

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The following table details the swap commodity contracts outstanding at the reporting date.

<i>Open swap commodity contracts</i>	2012		2012	
	<i>Fair value</i>		<i>Nominal amount</i>	
	<i>Fair value hedging</i>	<i>Held for trading</i>	<i>Fair value hedging</i>	<i>Held for trading</i>
<u>Sell gas</u>				
Less than 3 months	-	-	-	-
3 to 12 months	-	-	-	-
Over 12 months	-	-	-	-
<i>Open commodity swap contracts</i>	2011		2011	
	<i>Fair value</i>		<i>Nominal amount</i>	
	<i>Fair value hedging</i>	<i>Held for trading</i>	<i>Fair value hedging</i>	<i>Held for trading</i>
<u>Sell gas</u>				
Less than 3 months	91	-	634	-
3 to 12 months	-	-	-	-
Over 12 months	-	-	-	-

Sensitivity to commodity price volatility

Sensitivity to changes in commodity prices depends on changes in the price of heavy and light oils and in the USD/EUR exchange rate.

(3) Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to significant concentration of interest rate risk.

As at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011, the Company recognised a received loan bearing a fixed interest rate that was provided by the parent company. Given the loan's final maturity as at 5 August 2013, the loan was reclassified to current loans. This current loan bears interest at 3.65% p. a.

(4) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with credit-worthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The Company sells its services to customers, SPP being the major customer, which means that the risk that receivables will remain unpaid is considerably eliminated.

(5) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash with adequate maturity, availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit lines and the ability to close open market positions. The Company, as a member of the SPP core group, is part of the cash-pooling system. In the system flexibility is maintained by keeping committed credit lines available and synchronising the maturity of financial assets with financial needs.

The table below summarises the maturity of the financial liabilities as at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011, based on contractual undiscounted payments:

<i>As at 31 December 2012</i>	<i>On demand</i>	<i>Less than 3 months</i>	<i>3 to 12 months</i>	<i>1 to 5 years</i>	<i>> 5 years</i>	<i>Total</i>
Loans	-	8	30 000	-	-	30 008
Other liabilities	-	10 510	-	-	-	10 510
Trade payables	-	118 612	-	-	-	118 612
<i>As at 31 December 2011</i>	<i>On demand</i>	<i>Less than 3 months</i>	<i>3 to 12 months</i>	<i>1 to 5 years</i>	<i>> 5 years</i>	<i>Total</i>
Loans	-	-	-	30 000	-	30 000
Other liabilities	-	8 661	-	-	-	8 661
Trade payables	-	123 103	-	-	-	123 103

b) Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity ratio.

The Company's capital structure consists of equity attributable to the Company's owners, comprising registered capital, the legal reserve fund and retained earnings as disclosed in Notes 15 and 16 and interest-bearing borrowings as disclosed in Note 13. The gearing ratio at the 2012 year-end was 0% (2011: 1%).

The gearing ratio at the year-end was as follows:

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
Debt (i)	30 008	30 000
Cash and cash equivalents	62 237	1 071
Net debt	-	28 929
Equity (ii)	2 386 971	2 461 421
Net debt to equity ratio	0%	1%

(i) Debt is defined as long- and short-term borrowings.

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c) Categories of financial instruments

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	168 931	141 185
Financial derivatives recognised as hedges	-	91
Financial derivatives held for trading	-	-
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities carried at amortised costs	159 130	161 764
Financial derivatives recognised as hedges	-	-
Financial derivatives held for trading	-	-

d) Estimated fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of commodity swaps is determined using forward commodity prices as at the reporting date.

The estimated fair values of other instruments, mainly current financial assets and liabilities, approximate their carrying amounts.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that, upon initial measurement, are subsequently recognised at fair value, in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

Level 1 of the fair value measurement represents those fair values that are deduced from the prices of similar assets or liabilities listed on active markets.

Level 2 of the fair value measurement represents those fair values that are deduced from input data other than listed prices included in Level 1, which are observable on the market for assets or liabilities directly (eg prices) or indirectly (eg deduced from prices).

Level 3 of the fair value measurement represents those fair values that are deduced from valuation models including subjective input data for assets or liabilities not based on market data.

As at 31 December 2012, the Company has no financial instruments measured at fair value.

Embedded derivative instruments

The Company assessed all significant contracts and agreements for embedded derivatives that should be recorded and concluded that there are no embedded derivatives in these contracts and agreements that are required to be measured and separately recognised as at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011 under the requirements of IAS 39 (as revised in 2009).

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6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Regulation stations	Gas pipelines	Land, buildings and structures	Plant, machinery and equipment	Other non-current tangible assets	Assets in the course of construction	Total
Year ended 31 December 2011							
Opening net book value	130 336	2 535 068	217	11 111	450	63 035	2 740 217
Additions	-	29	-	-	-	68 124	68 153
Placed into service	5 286	61 823	-	1 106	9	(68 224)	-
Reclassifications	4	(2 122)	(5)	(11)	-	(594)	(2 728)
Disposals	-	(18 242)	-	(11)	(2)	-	(18 255)
Depreciation charge	(9 227)	(91 978)	-	(2 787)	(105)	-	(104 097)
Change in provisions	294	5 022	-	128	8	70	5 522
Closing net book value	126 693	2 489 600	212	9 536	360	62 411	2 688 812
Year ended 31 December 2011							
Cost	166 541	2 764 253	227	19 120	1 257	63 733	3 015 131
Provisions and accumulated depreciation	(39 848)	(274 653)	(15)	(9 584)	(897)	(1 322)	(326 319)
Net book value	126 693	2 489 600	212	9 536	360	62 411	2 688 812
Year ended 31 December 2012							
Opening net book value	126 693	2 489 600	212	9 536	360	62 411	2 688 812
Additions	-	122	-	-	-	53 151	53 273
Placed into service	3 486	52 833	-	1 095	11	(57 425)	-
Reclassifications	30	42	1	6	(4)	(58)	17
Disposals	-	(4)	-	(16)	-	-	(20)
Depreciation charge	(9 239)	(94 204)	(5)	(2 495)	(70)	-	(106 013)
Change in provisions	(87)	(232)	-	(47)	(3)	(537)	(906)
Closing net book value	120 883	2 448 157	208	8 079	294	57 542	2 635 163
Year ended 31 December 2012							
Cost	169 426	2 808 641	226	19 681	1 233	59 401	3 058 608
Provisions and accumulated depreciation	(48 543)	(360 484)	(18)	(11 602)	(939)	(1 859)	(423 445)
Net book value	120 883	2 448 157	208	8 079	294	57 542	2 635 163

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As at 31 December 2012, the Company uses tangible assets related to gas pipelines and regulation stations with cost in the amount of EUR 21 667 thousand, which is presented as assets in the course of construction. Depreciation charge in the amount of EUR 224 thousand was recorded in 2012 in this respect.

Type and amount of insurance for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:

<i>Insured object</i>	<i>Type of insurance</i>	<i>Cost of insured assets</i>		<i>Name and seat of the insurance company</i>
		<i>2012</i>	<i>2011</i>	
Buildings, halls, structures (except for gas pipelines), machinery, equipment, fixtures & fittings, low-value non-current TA, other non-current TA, works of art, inventories	Insurance of assets	170 483	158 219	Allianz-Slovenská poisťovňa, a.s. Kooperativa, a.s., ČSOB Poisťovňa, a.s.
Motor vehicles	MTPL insurance, motor vehicle insurance against damage, destruction, theft	784	1 548	Allianz-Slovenská poisťovňa, a.s.

The cost of fully depreciated non-current assets (includes also non-current intangible assets), which were in use as at 31 December 2012, amounts to EUR 28 481 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 13 010 thousand).

7. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

<i>At 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Subsidiaries</i>
Opening balance, net	-
Additions	1 000
Reclassification	-
Disposals	-
Impairment	-
Closing balance, net	1 000
Cost	1 000
Impairment	-
Closing balance, net	1 000

SPP – distribúcia Servis, s.r.o. was established on 27 August 2012 by a Memorandum of Association as a 100% subsidiary of SPP – distribúcia, a.s. The Company was registered in the Commercial Register of the District Court Bratislava I on 18 September 2012.

Information on the subsidiaries of SPP - distribúcia as at 31 December 2012 can be summarised as follows:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Country of Registration</i>	<i>Ownership Interest in %</i>	<i>Principal Activity</i>
SPP - distribúcia Servis, s.r.o.	Slovakia	100.00	Production and servicing of gas equipment

Additional information on the subsidiaries:

<i>Business name and seat of the entity</i>	<i>Equity</i>		<i>Profit/loss</i>	
	<i>2012</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2011</i>
SPP – distribúcia Servis, s.r.o. Seat: Oslobodenia 1068/50, Malacky	941	n/a	(59)	n/a

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8. NON-CURRENT INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND OTHER ASSETS

	<i>Software</i>	<i>Other non-current intangible assets</i>	<i>Assets in the course of construction</i>	<i>Total</i>
Year ended 31 December 2011				
Opening net book value	4	1 059	570	1 633
Additions	-	-	2 049	2 049
Placed into service	-	489	(489)	-
Reclassifications	-	5 224	-	5 224
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Amortisation	(3)	(696)	-	(699)
Change of provisions	-	-	-	-
Closing net book value	1	6 076	2 130	8 207
At 31 December 2011				
Cost	43	8 423	2 130	10 596
Provision and impairment loss	(42)	(2 347)	-	(2 389)
Net book value	1	6 076	2 130	8 207
Year ended 31 December 2012				
Opening net book value	1	6 076	2 130	8 207
Additions	-	-	21	21
Placed into service	-	2 005	(2 005)	-
Reclassifications	-	-	(34)	(34)
Disposals	-	-	(68)	(68)
Amortisation	(1)	(550)	-	(551)
Change of provisions	-	1	(11)	(10)
Closing net book value	-	7 532	33	7 565
At 31 December 2012				
Cost	43	10 428	44	10 515
Provision and impairment loss	(43)	(2 896)	(11)	(2 950)
Net book value	-	7 532	33	7 565

In 2011, the Company placed into service an intangible asset in the amount of EUR 5 224 thousand in relation to connecting to a new distribution network and classified in the previous year as other non-current assets.

9. INVENTORIES

	<i>31 December 2012</i>	<i>31 December 2011</i>
Natural gas	156 622	140 481
Raw materials and other inventories	1 341	1 774
Provision	(45)	(94)
Total	157 918	142 161

The balance of natural gas represents natural gas used to balance the distribution network and natural gas for own consumption, as well as losses in the distribution network.

As at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011, no provision was required or recognised in respect of an adjustment to reduce the cost of natural gas to its net realisable value.

The Company created provisions for slow-moving inventories of raw materials in the amount of EUR 45 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 94 thousand).

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10. RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
Receivables from distribution activities	56 758	51 627
Prepayments and other receivables	49 936	88 487
Receivables from financial derivatives	-	91
Other tax assets	2 054	2 280
Total	108 748	142 485

As at 31 December 2012, the Company recorded receivables due and overdue in the amount of EUR 106 221 thousand and EUR 11 507 thousand, respectively, excluding an impairment provision. As at 31 December 2011, the Company recorded receivables due and overdue in the amount of EUR 140 235 thousand and EUR 6 022 thousand, respectively, excluding an impairment provision.

Out of the Company's total receivables and prepayments as at 31 December 2012 the most significant amounts represent a receivable from unbilled outputs from the distribution activities, which amounts to EUR 51 880 thousand, and a receivable from cash pooling transactions from the parent company, which amounts to EUR 38 996 thousand (in 2011, the most significant amounts represented a receivable from unbilled outputs from the distribution activities (EUR 47 531 thousand) and a receivable from cash pooling transactions from the parent company (EUR 79 242 thousand)).

As at 31 December 2012, receivables and prepayments are shown net of provisions for bad and doubtful debts in the amount of EUR 8 980 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 3 772 thousand).

As at 31 December 2012, receivables and prepayments include receivables from eustream, a. s., in the amount of EUR 9 095 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 6 426 thousand) and SPP in the amount of EUR 81 422 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 133 611 thousand).

Movements in the provision for receivables were as follows:

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
Opening value	(3 772)	(2 166)
Creation	(5 388)	(1 693)
Use	168	1
Reversal	12	86
Closing value	(8 980)	(3 772)

Collateralisation of receivables

Certain receivables that are under execution proceedings are pledged by an execution lien. Several bank guarantees totalling EUR 11 805 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 5 478 thousand) were established to secure the Company's receivables from natural gas distribution. In addition, financial funds in the amount of EUR 22 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 232 thousand) were deposited in the Company's bank account.

Overdue receivables that were not provided for:

	2012	2011
Less than 2 months	2 069	918
2 to 3 months	-	-
3 to 6 months	-	-
6 to 9 months	-	-
9 to 12 months	-	-
More than 12 months	-	-
Total	2 069	918

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Overdue receivables that were provided for:

	2012	2011
Less than 2 months	-	-
2 to 3 months	112	158
3 to 6 months	1 174	848
6 to 9 months	1 512	1 039
9 to 12 months	1 156	504
More than 12 months	5 484	2 555
Total	9 438	5 104

11. DEFERRED INCOME

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
Opening balance, net	8 191	27 544
Assets acquired during the reporting period	346	1 474
Amortisation during the reporting period	(220)	(471)
Other deferred income	-	(20 356)
Closing balance, net	8 317	8 191

Some gas facilities were obtained "free of charge" from municipal and local authorities. This deferred income is released in the income statement on a straight-line basis in the amount of depreciation charges of non-current tangible assets acquired free of charge.

12. RETIREMENT AND OTHER LONG-TERM EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The long-term employee benefits program at the Company was launched in 2006. This is a defined benefit program, under which the employees are entitled to a lump-sum payment upon old age or disability retirement and, subject to vesting conditions, life and work jubilee payments.

In 2010, the Company signed a new collective agreement under which employees are entitled to a retirement benefit based on the number of years with the SPP core group companies at the date of retirement. The retirement benefits range from one month to five months of the employee's average salary. As at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011, the obligation relating to retirement and other long-term employee benefits was calculated on the basis of valid collective agreements in the given years.

As at 31 December 2012, there were 1 442 (31 December 2011: 1 575) employees covered by this program. As of that date, it was an un-funded program, with no separately allocated assets to cover the program's liabilities.

Movements in the net liability recognised in the balance sheet for the year ended 31 December 2012 are as follows:

	Long-term benefits	Post- employment benefits	Total benefits at 31 December 2012	Total benefits at 31 December 2011
Net liability at 1 January	682	2 368	3 050	3 336
Net expense recognised	141	309	450	(134)
Benefits paid	(86)	(33)	(119)	(152)
Net liabilities	737	2 644	3 381	3 050

	Current liabilities (included in other current liabilities)	Non-current liabilities	Total
At 31 December 2012	141	3 240	3 381
At 31 December 2011	154	2 896	3 050

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Key assumptions used in actuarial valuation:

	<i>At 31 December 2012</i>	<i>At 31 December 2011</i>
Market yield on government bonds	3.680%	5.175%
Annual future real rate of salary increases	2.00%	2.00%
Annual employee turnover	1.44%	1.44%
Retirement ages (male and female)	62 for male and 60 for female	62 for male and 60 for female

13. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

	<i>31 December 2012 Secured</i>	<i>31 December 2012 Unsecured</i>	<i>31 December 2012 Total</i>	<i>31 December 2011 Secured</i>	<i>31 December 2011 Unsecured</i>	<i>31 December 2011 Total</i>
Loans	-	30 008	30 008	-	30 000	30 000
Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	30 008	30 008	-	30 000	30 000
Loans by currency						
EUR						
- with a fixed interest rate	-	30 008	30 008	-	30 000	30 000
- with a floating interest rate	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total loans	-	30 008	30 008	-	30 000	30 000
Loans are due as follows:						
Within one year	-	30 008	30 008	-	-	-
From 1 to 2 years	-	-	-	-	30 000	30 000
From 2 to 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
More than 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total loans	-	30 008	30 008	-	30 000	30 000

As at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011, the Company drew a loan denominated in Euros in the amount of EUR 30 million, which was provided by the parent company at a fixed interest rate of 3.65% per annum (2011: 3.65% per annum). The loan falls due in 2013 and is not secured against any assets.

Interest rates of the loans:

Loans	
EUR	
- with a fixed interest rate	3.65% p.a.
- with a floating interest rate	-

Carrying amount and face value of loans and bonds:

	<i>Carrying Amount</i>		<i>Face Value</i>	
	<i>31 December 2012</i>	<i>31 December 2011</i>	<i>31 December 2012</i>	<i>31 December 2011</i>
Loans	30 008	30 000	30 000	30 000
Bonds	-	-	-	-
Total	30 008	30 000	30 000	30 000

SPP – distribúcia, a.s. has the following unused lines of credit:

	<i>At 31 December 2012</i>	<i>At 31 December 2011</i>
Floating interest rate:		
- due within one year	-	-
- due after more than one year	105 000	-
Total	105 000	-

In 2012, the company signed loan agreements with banks, enabling to draw loans in total amount of EUR 105 million. In case of drawing loans of EUR 50 million or EUR 55 million, the company will pay variable rate interest and the maturity of the loans will be at the end of the credit period in 2016 and 2020.

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14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	<i>At 31 December 2012</i>	<i>At 31 December 2011</i>
Trade payables for gas purchases	768	54
Trade payables	43 274	52 525
Payables from distribution activities	69 720	70 524
Payables from financial derivatives	-	-
Other payables	7 378	1 360
Employee liabilities	5 279	4 658
Social security and other taxes	2 703	2 643
Total	<u>129 122</u>	<u>131 764</u>

As at 31 December 2012, total trade and other payables included payables to SPP in the amount of EUR 74 368 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 73 251 thousand) and eustream, a. s. in the amount of EUR 960 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 3 566 thousand).

Of the Company's payables resulting from distribution activities as at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011, the major portion is represented by a prepayment received from the parent company for natural gas distribution.

As at 31 December 2012, the Company recorded payables within maturity in the amount of EUR 129 122 thousand; no overdue payables were recognised. As at 31 December 2011, the Company recorded payables within maturity in the amount of EUR 131 764 thousand; no overdue payables were recognised.

Social fund payables:

	<i>Amount</i>
Opening balance as at 1 January 2012	168
Total creation:	350
<i>from expenses</i>	348
<i>non-mandatory allotment</i>	2
Total drawing:	(291)
<i>monetary rewards and gifts</i>	(63)
<i>life jubilee benefits</i>	(26)
<i>work jubilee benefits</i>	(60)
<i>catering allowance</i>	(115)
<i>other drawing as per CA</i>	(27)
Closing balance as at 31 December 2012	<u>227</u>

Liabilities secured by pledge or other form of collateral

A bank guarantee was established in Tatra banka, a. s., totalling EUR 33 thousand for other payables to the Customs Office (2011: EUR 33 thousand).

15. REGISTERED CAPITAL

The registered capital consists of 10 ordinary certificate-form shares at the face value of EUR 3 319.39 per share, and 1 ordinary certificate-form share at the face value of EUR 1 957 384 402.17. The SPP is the 100% owner of the shares referred to above. The registered capital was incorporated in the Commercial Register in the full amount.

16. LEGAL RESERVE FUND AND RETAINED EARNINGS

Since 1 January 2008 the Company has been required to prepare separate financial statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU. Retained earnings represent amounts based on the separate financial statements.

The legal reserve fund in the amount of EUR 391 484 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 391 484 thousand) is created in accordance with Slovak law and is not distributable to shareholders. The reserve is created from retained earnings to cover possible future losses or increases of the registered capital. Transfers of at least 10% of the current year's profit are required to be made until the reserve is equal to at least 20% of the registered capital. The legal reserve fund in the Company has already attained 20% of the registered capital.

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Distribution of profit:

<i>Allotment</i>	<i>Profit allotment for 2011</i>	<i>Profit allotment for 2010</i>
To cover losses from previous years	-	-
Dividends	112 428	107 031
Total profit to be distributed	112 428	107 031

17. STAFF COSTS

	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
Wages, salaries and bonuses	28 762	28 253
Social security costs	10 360	10 223
Other social security costs and severance pay	7 075	4 659
Total staff costs	46 197	43 135

The Company is required to make social security contributions, amounting to 35.2% of salary bases as determined by law, up to a maximum amount ranging from EUR 1.15 – 3.08 thousand per employee depending on the type of insurance. The employees contribute an additional 13.4% of the relevant base up to the above limits.

18. COSTS OF AUDIT SERVICES

	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
Audit of financial statements	20	20
Other assurance services	-	-
Tax advisory services	-	-
Other related services provided by the auditor	-	-
Total	20	20

19. FINANCIAL EXPENSE

	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
Interest expense	1 153	1 286
Other	33	4
Total financial expense/(income)	1 186	1 290

20. TAXATION

20.1. Income Tax

Income tax comprises the following:

	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
Current tax related to the current year	34 499	32 107
Special levy	1 939	-
Deferred income tax (Note 20.2)		
- Current year	(7 163)	(11 742)
Adjustment of deferred tax due to the tax rate change	71 719	-
Total	100 994	20 365

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The reconciliation between the reported income tax expense and the theoretical amount that would arise using the standard tax rates is as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2012	Year ended 31 December 2011
Profit before taxation	139 063	132 793
Income tax at 19%	26 422	25 231
Effect of adjustments from permanent differences between carrying amount and tax value of assets and liabilities	993	614
Correction of deferred tax	-	(5 438)
Tax impact due to the tax rate change from 19% to 23%	71 719	-
Special levy on business in regulated industries	1 939	-
Other adjustments	(79)	(41)
Income tax for the current year	100 994	20 365

The effective tax rate differs from the standard tax rate stipulated by law in the amount of 19% mainly due to the change in the tax rate for deferred income tax to 23% from 1 January 2013 and due to adjustments of the current tax base for items increasing and decreasing the tax base pursuant to the valid tax legislation.

Pursuant to the requirements of International Accounting Standards, the income tax also includes a special levy on businesses in regulated industries pursuant to a special regulation. (Note 3, paragraph q)

20.2. Deferred Income Tax

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Company and movements therein, during the current and prior reporting periods:

	At 1 January 2012	Charge to equity for the period	(Charge)/credit to profit for the period	At 31 December 2012
Difference in NBV of non-current assets	(349 958)	-	(65 968)	(415 926)
Items adjusting tax base only when paid	9	-	(2)	7
Provisions for receivables	461	-	1 073	1 534
Impairment loss	403	-	281	684
Other	1 257	-	60	1 317
Total	(347 828)	-	(64 556)	(412 384)
	At 1 January 2011	Charge to equity for the period	(Charge)/credit to profit for the period	At 31 December 2011
Difference in NBV of non-current assets	(362 485)	-	12 527	(349 958)
Items adjusting tax base only when paid	1	-	8	9
Provisions for receivables	244	-	217	461
Impairment loss	1 464	-	(1 061)	403
Other	1 206	-	51	1 257
Total	(359 570)	-	11 742	(347 828)

In accordance with the Company's accounting policy, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities were mutually offset. The following table shows the balances (after offsetting) of deferred tax for the purposes of recognition in the balance sheet:

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
Deferred tax liability	(412 384)	(347 828)
Total	(412 384)	(347 828)

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21. TAX EFFECTS IN THE STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Disclosure of tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income:

31 December 2012	Before tax	Tax	After tax
Cash flow hedging	(91)	-	(91)
Other comprehensive loss for the period	(91)	-	(91)

31 December 2011	Before tax	Tax	After tax
Cash flow hedging	116	-	116
Other comprehensive income/loss for the period	116	-	116

22. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Year ended 31 December 2012	Year ended 31 December 2011
Profit before tax	139 063	132 793
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortisation	106 346	104 325
Interest income, net	748	663
Foreign exchange gains/losses	1	-
Derivatives	(91)	477
Provisions and other non-cash items	7 911	(2 866)
Loss from sale of non-current assets	77	(7)
(Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments	28 428	(25 255)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(15 782)	(4 472)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(3 684)	5 234
Cash flows from operating activities	263 017	210 892

23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Capital Expenditure Commitments

As at 31 December 2012, capital expenditures of EUR 76 453 thousand (31 December 2011: EUR 88 242 thousand) had been committed under contractual arrangements for the acquisition of non-current assets, but were not recognised in the financial statements.

Operating Lease Arrangements

The Company leases means of transport under an operating lease agreement made in 2010. The contract is made for four years and the Company has no pre-emptive right to purchase the assets after the expiry of the lease term. The lease payments amounted to EUR 5 331 thousand in the year ended 31 December 2012 (31 December 2011: EUR 5 659 thousand).

Non-cancellable operating lease payables amount to:

Period	2012	2011
Within 1 year	5 331	5 659
From 1 to 5 years	3 110	8 960
More than 5 years	-	-
Total	8 441	14 619

Liberalisation of the Slovak energy sector and possible regulation risks

Regulation framework on the natural gas market in the Slovak Republic

On the basis of the current energy legislation, the natural gas market in the Slovak Republic is fully liberalised. Effective from 1 July 2007, all customers are allowed to freely select a natural gas supplier. The Company, as the gas distribution network operator, is obliged to provide all participants with non-discriminatory treatment and allow access to the distribution network on a transparent and non-discriminatory basis. Moreover, the Company is also obliged to enter into a contract for connection and gas distribution with all customers that fulfils the business and technical conditions.

Distribution of gas, as well as access and connection to the distribution network, are subject to regulation by the Regulatory Office of Network Industries (RONI).

Tariffs for regulated activities

Every year, the RONI approves tariffs for access to the distribution network and gas distribution, and for the provision of auxiliary services, as well as for connection to the distribution network. These tariffs are proposed so that the total planned revenues from the tariffs for access to the distribution network and gas distribution in the regulation year in Euros per gas volume unit do not exceed the maximum price for the year, calculated under Decree of the RONI No. 216/2011 Coll., which stipulates price regulation in the gas industry. Maximum allowed revenues are determined based on the eligible costs, including depreciation derived from regulated assets base as determined by RONI and a margin. Regulated assets base and useful lives of these assets as determined by RONI differ from the carrying values and useful lives of the related property, plant and equipment as recorded by the Company. The management of the Company believes that property, plant and equipment of the Company is not impaired on the basis of current indicators. There are inherent uncertainties that could impact the determination of future tariffs by RONI, and future realizable value of property, plant and equipment.

The maximum price for connection to the distribution network in the relevant year of the regulation period, ie for 2012, for gas consumers was determined on the basis of the planned average costs related to the issue of technical conditions for the connection, for the processing of the application for connection and for the planned average costs related to the processing of the application for connecting the gas delivery equipment to the distribution network incurred by the distribution network operator as part of the standard-scope activities necessary for connecting the gas delivery equipment.

Under Decree of the RONI No. 216/2011 Coll., the maximum price for connection to the distribution network for the 2013 regulation period and beyond is calculated by indexation of the basic price for 2012 reflecting the effect of inflation. The calculation of the maximum price for connection to the distribution network and gas distribution for the 2013 regulation period and beyond is also partly based on the basic parameter indexation.

Changes in the regulatory laws and policy

In respect of regulation, the most significant event of 2011 was the adoption of a new Regulation Policy for the upcoming regulation period, ie for 2012 to 2016. With effect from 1 September 2012, the National Council of the Slovak Republic adopted Act No. 251/2012 Coll. on Energy and on Amendment to and Supplementation of Certain Acts and Act No. 250/2012 Coll. on Regulation in Network Industries, through which the requirements of the so-called "3rd Energy Package" adopted by the relevant EU authorities in 2009 were transposed. In terms of gas distribution, the most important legal act of the 3rd Energy Package is Directive 2009/73/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas and repealing Directive 2003/55/EC. The adoption of new acts strengthened the role and powers of the Regulatory Office for Network Industries.

Taxation

The Company has significant transactions with the shareholder and other related parties. The tax environment in which the Company operates in the Slovak Republic is dependent on the prevailing tax legislation and practice. As the tax authorities are reluctant to provide official interpretations in respect of the tax legislation, there is an inherent risk that the tax authorities may require, for example, transfer pricing or other adjustments to the corporate income tax base. The tax authorities in the Slovak Republic have broad powers of interpretation of tax laws, which could result in unexpected results from tax inspections. The amount of any potential tax liabilities related to these risks cannot be estimated.

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24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. is the owner of 100% of the Company's shares.

During the current year, the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Year ended 31 December 2012						31 December 2012					
	Revenues	Creation/ (reversal) of provisions for receivables	Expenses	Dividends	Other	Receivables	Provisions for receivables	Payables				
SPP, a.s.	343 264	-	40 186	112 428	30 697	81 422	-	104 369				
Other related parties	540	-	38 632	-	19 516	9 338	-	10 078				

Management considers that the transactions with related parties have been made on an arm's length basis.

Transactions with related parties mainly represented services related to the distribution, purchases, transit and storage of natural gas, as well as other services.

	Year ended 31 December 2011						31 December 2011					
	Revenues	Creation/ (reversal) of provisions for receivables	Expenses	Dividends	Other	Receivables	Provisions for receivables	Payables				
SPP, a.s.	359 981	-	41 400	107 031	49 522	123 451	-	103 291				
Other related parties	60	-	26 143	-	17 585	6 431	-	5 002				

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the separate financial statements.

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The compensation of the members of the Company's bodies and executive management during the year was as follows:

	<i>Year ended 31 December 2012</i>	<i>Year ended 31 December 2011</i>
Remuneration to members of the Board of Directors, Supervisory Board, executive management and former members of the bodies - total	1 298	1 056
<i>Of which:</i>		
<i>Board of Directors and executive management</i>	1 167	925
<i>Supervisory Board</i>	131	131
Benefits after termination of employment to members of the Board of Directors, Supervisory Board, executive management and former members of the bodies - total	22	-
<i>Of which:</i>		
<i>Board of Directors and executive management</i>	22	-
Other long-term benefits to members of the Board of Directors, Supervisory Board, executive management and former members of the bodies - total	-	-
Benefits after termination of employment of members of the Board of Directors, Supervisory Board, executive management and former members of the bodies - total	-	-
Benefits in kind to members of the Board of Directors and executive management - total	52	46
<i>Of which:</i>		
<i>Board of Directors and executive management</i>	52	46
Other payments to members of the Board of Directors, Supervisory Board, executive management and former members - total	1	2
<i>Of which:</i>		
<i>Board of Directors and executive management</i>	1	1
<i>Supervisory Board</i>	-	1

25. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TO COMPLY WITH OTHER STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Members of the Company's bodies

<i>Body</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Name</i>
Board of Directors	Chairman	Assessor. jur. Sebastian Jochem - since 12 Jul 2012
	Chairman	Jean-Pierre Beringuier - until 30 Jun 2012
	Vice-Chairman	Ing. Štefan Šebesta - since 12 Jul 2012
	Vice-Chairman	Ing. Peter Kamenický - until 11 Jul 2012
	Member	Jean-Pierre Beringuier - since 11 Jul 2012
	Member	Ing. Martin Bartošovič - until 31 Mar 2012
	Member	Assessor. jur. Sebastian Jochem - from 1 Apr 2012 until 30 Jun 2012
Supervisory Board	Chairman	Ing. Rastislav Chovanec - since 12 Jul 2012
	Chairman	Ing. Ján Rusnák - until 11 Jul 2012
	Vice-Chairman	Ekkehard Ludwig - since 1 Jul 2012
	Vice-Chairman	Gilles Guegan - until 30 Jun 2012
	Member	Ing. Miroslav Recký - since 12 Jul 2012
	Member	Ing. Róbert Procházka - since 12 Jul 2012
	Member	Ing. Dalibor Černička - until 11 Jul 2012
	Member	Mgr. Michal Novota - until 11 Jul 2012
	Member	Ing. Richard Vadkerty
Member	Pavol Korienek	
Executive management	General Director	Ing. Bohumil Kratochvíl - until 30 Nov 2012
	General Director	Ing. Martin Hollý - since 1 Dec 2012
	Director of the Economy and Regulation	Ing. Roman Filipou
	Director of the Network Operation and Asset Management	Ing. Milan Mindek
	Director of Investments	Ing. Dušan Dobiaš
	Director of Maintenance and Measurement	Ing. Rastislav Prelec
	Director of Distribution Services	Ing. Marek Paál

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b) Consolidated financial statements

SPP – distribúcia, a.s. provides the data contained in the separate financial statements to the higher consolidation of Slovenský plynárenský priemysel, a.s. (SPP), which prepares the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The ultimate reporting entities that consolidate SPP – distribúcia, a.s. as at 31 December 2012 are GDF SUEZ SA and E.ON AG.

Separate financial statements of SPP – distribúcia, a.s. and SPP's consolidated financial statements are deposited with the Commercial Register of Bratislava 1 District Court (Záhradnícka 10, 811 07 Bratislava) and published in the Commercial Journal and at www.spp.sk.

26. POST-BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 15 January 2013, GDF International SAS, E.ON Ruhrgas International GmbH and E.ON SE signed an agreement with Energetický a Průmyslový Holding ("EPH"), a key player on the heat, coal and electricity market in Central Europe, on the sale of their shares in Slovak Gas Holding, B.V. ("SGH"), which owns a 49% share in SPP (the parent company) and also carries out operating and management control. The transaction was completed on 23 January 2013.

In the Contract on the SPP Group Restructuring between the National Property Fund (hereinafter the "FNM") and the Ministry of Economy of the SR (hereinafter the "MH SR") and EPH dated 14 December 2012 and in the Shareholders Agreement signed by the FNM, the MH SR, EPH and Slovak Gas Holding B.V. dated 14 December 2012, the parties agreed on the terms and conditions of the SPP Group's restructuring. The restructuring will be carried out in 2013 and will be completed by 31 December 2013.

Following the change in the shareholder structure of the parent company, SPP, the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders adopted personnel changes in the senior management boards of SPP-distribúcia, a.s., with effect from 24 January 2013. The representatives of the former shareholders, E.ON Ruhrgas AG and GDF SUEZ, were replaced by representatives of the new indirect shareholder, Energetický a průmyslový holding, a.s.

On 24 January 2013, there were the following changes in the Company's Board of Directors and Supervisory Board:

- Ing. František Čupr, MBA, replaced Mr Assessor jur. Sebastian Jochem in the office of the Chairman of the Board of Directors;
- Mgr. Peter Hájek became a Member of the Board of Directors instead of Mr Jean-Pierre Beringuier; and
- Ing. Robert Ševela became a member of the Supervisory Board instead of Mr Ekkehard Ludwig.

No other events occurred subsequent to 31 December 2012 that might have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

Prepared on:

28 February 2013

Signature of a member of the statutory body of the reporting entity or a natural person acting as a reporting entity:

Ing. František Čupr, MBA
Chairman of the Board of Directors

Signature of the person responsible for the preparation of the financial statements:

Ing. Libor Briška

Signature of the person responsible for bookkeeping:

Ing. Miroslav Jankovič

Approved on:


Ing. Štefan Šebesta
Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors

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**Proposal
of profit distribution
for the year 2012**

The proposal of profit distribution for the year 2012 is prepared in line with the Articles of Association of SPP – distribúcia, a.s. Article XIX - PROFIT DISTRIBUTION, Article XVIII – GENERATION AND USE OF RESERVE FUND, and in line with the provisions of the Commercial Code No. 513/1991 Coll., as amended.

The proposal of the profit distribution for the year 2012 is based on the audited financial statements for the year 2012.

I.	Net profit	38,069,034.10 €
II.	Settlement of loss from previous years	0.00 €
III.	Allocation to the statutory reserve fund in accordance with the Article XVIII of the Articles of Association the reserve fund reached the level of 20% of registered capital	0.00 €
IV.	Amount of net profit determined as dividends	38,069,034.10 €
V.	Tantiems to the members of the bodies (to be discussed)	0.00 €

Note:

Dividends are to be paid out by 30 days as the latest from the approval by the general meeting of shareholders.